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1.) It is pointed out in the passage that, although the Maiden's Tower is among the most famous landmarks of İstanbul, ----.

- A) most people are just beginning to be interested in its history
- B) its location out in the sea is an obstacle for people who want to visit it
- C) the story of the princess confined there has long been forgotten
- D) the ancient legend about the princess has become popular only recently
- E) very few people seem to be interested in going out to see it

The Olympic Games were first held in Olympia in ancient Greece to honour the Greek god Zeus. These ancient Olympics began in the year 776 B.C. and continued until 392 A.D., that is, for more than 1,000 years. Only male athletes competed in these games. They competed in different sports activities, but there were competitions also in poetry, music and other arts. At the beginning and end of the Games, animals were killed and offered to Zeus. When people stopped believing in the Greek gods, the Olympic Games were cancelled. The Olympic Games were brought back in 1896, when the first modern Olympic Games were held in Athens, the capital of Greece. Only nine countries with about 250 athletes participated in these first modern Games, and again all the athletes were male. Today, about 10,000 athletes from about 200 countries compete in the Olympic Games, and nearly half of them are women.

2.) According to the passage, the first Olympic Games ----.

- A) were held 1,000 years ago
- B) continued for 392 years
- C) were for male and female athletes
- D) were held all across Greece
- E) were held for religious purposes

3.) The ancient Olympic Games were cancelled because ----.

- A) animals were killed and offered to Zeus
- B) poetry, music, and other arts became more popular
- C) female athletes did not want to join the races
- D) Zeus and the other gods were no longer important in Greek society
- E) people did not enjoy the Games

4.) It can be understood from the passage that ----.

- A) few female athletes took part in the first modern Olympics
- B) the original Olympics concentrated on sports only
- C) participation in the modern Olympics has grown considerably since they were brought back in 1896
- D) animals were killed and offered to Zeus in the first modern Olympics
- E) 250 athletes from each country take part in the modern Olympics

New Yorkers are often regarded as being unkind. Actually, this is not a fair attitude. They are willing to help people who need help, but experience has taught them a lot of people don't want to be helped. Are New Yorkers less kind people – less caring on the inside – than city dwellers in other places? Not at all. When you talk to them about this, many give good reasons for their reluctance to help strangers. Most have been taught early on that reaching out to people you don't know can be dangerous. To survive in New York, they were taught that they should avoid even the potentially suspicious. Some also express concern that others might not want help, that the stranger, too, might be afraid of outside contact or might feel insulted. Many tell stories of being abused for trying to help. As one woman explains, she saw an elderly man with a walking stick who appeared unable to cross a busy street. When she gently offered to help, he replied angrily, "When I want help, I'll ask for it. Mind your own business." Over and over, New Yorkers say that they care deeply about the needs of strangers, but that the realities of city living prevent them from reaching out. People speak with nostalgia of the past, when they would pick up hitchhikers or arrange a meal for a hungry stranger.

5.) The aim of the passage is to ----.

- A) show that the people of New York are not basically unkind
- B) explain why people in New York are so kind
- C) to encourage people to be more helpful
- D) help us to understand why the old man in the story was so angry
- E) show that the old man was not angry but afraid

6.) In the story, a woman offers to help an old man in a kind and friendly way, ----.

- A) but he decides not to cross the road
- B) and he accepts her help gratefully
- C) and this surprises him
- D) but he refuses her help in an unpleasant way
- E) and then they cross the road together

7.) We understand from the passage that people who seem to be in need of help ----.

- A) are not always ready to receive help
- B) can easily look after themselves
- C) enjoy being helped by strangers
- D) are very uncommon in New York
- E) prefer to be helped by a woman than by a man

When sunlight heats the earth, it also heats the atmosphere. As hot air rises, cooler and heavier air rushes in to fill its place, thus creating wind. For more than 2,000 years, people have captured this energy with windmills and used it to do useful things, such as grinding grain or pumping water. By the late 19th century, windmills were also being used to produce electricity, mostly in rural areas. Compared with traditional windmills, however, modern wind turbines are far more efficient.

8.) The major focus of the passage is on ----.

- A) traditional windmills
- B) wind and wind energy
- C) modern wind turbines
- D) the connection between hot air and cool air
- E) the need for electricity in rural areas

9.) The passage informs us that ----.

- A) grain grinding and water pumping are two of the functions of windmills
- B) sunlight heats the atmosphere, not the earth
- C) wind is created when cool air rises and hot air sinks
- D) windmills have always been more decorative than useful
- E) windmills have been used to produce electricity for thousands of years

10.) From this passage, we can see that ----.

- A) there is almost no difference between windmills and wind turbines
- B) earlier people failed to capture the wind's energy
- C) in earlier times people needed electricity more in rural areas, not in urban areas
- D) wind turbines supply electric power more efficiently than do windmills
- E) it is difficult to make use of wind energy

Travelling east along the coast to Antalya, you may easily miss the great Lake of Köyceğiz lying behind the orange trees. Visitors at nearby Dalyan sail regularly back and forth between the famous small peninsula of sand where turtles build their nests and the ancient ruins of Caunus four miles away. They may even visit the mud baths at the tip of the lake. Yet they seldom try to swim in the lake itself, which is strangely hidden away from both the highway and the tourist crowd; this has helped the lake to evolve into an rare area of ecological importance.

11.) The passage is largely concerned with the ----.

- A) historical ruins around Köyceğiz
- B) great Lake of Köyceğiz
- C) sandy beaches around Köyceğiz
- D) turtles nesting in Dalyan
- E) tourist attractions on the way to Antalya

12.) From the passage, we understand that ----.

- A) Köyceğiz, Dalyan and Caunus are close to one another
- B) visitors visit the lake more than other places in the area
- C) the turtles nest in the mud at the tip of the lake
- D) one has to travel to Antalya in order to see the Lake of Köyceğiz
- E) Caunus is a modern settlement

13.) The passage states that the main reason why the Lake of Köyceğiz has become an important ecological area is that ----.

- A) it is surrounded by orange trees
- B) visitors prefer to see Dalyan and Caunus rather than the lake
- C) it is hidden away from the main road and the crowds of tourists
- D) visitors going to Antalya rarely stop there
- E) there are mud baths at either end

Various estimates suggest that by 2050 nearly one third of the world's energy needs could come from renewable sources such as solar power, wind power, geothermal power and hydrogen fuel cells. This leaves the other two thirds to come from conventional fossil fuels such as oil and gas. We have to find a balance between the need to protect people's way of life and the environment, and the need to provide them with affordable energy; and also between the cost of developing new technology to get the most from fossil fuels, and the cost of developing new power sources.

14.) This passage is largely about ----.

- A) the necessity of balancing the use of fossil fuels and renewable energy sources
- B) the harmfulness of fossil fuels to people's way of life and the environment
- C) the advantages of using renewable energy sources such as wind power
- D) the usefulness of renewable energy sources to people's way of life and the environment
- E) new power sources which have to be developed to replace conventional fuels

15.) The passage suggests that ----.

- A) traditional fuels are renewable, so we should go on using them
- B) after 2050 only one third of the world will use fossil fuels, and the remaining two thirds will use renewable energy
- C) by 2050 it could be possible for renewable energy sources to supply 33% of the world's power needs
- D) new power sources are to be developed at all costs
- E) one should protect the environment even if this causes fuel prices to rise

16.) The passage points out that ----.

- A) no estimates have been made about the future use of energy sources
- B) developing new technology to obtain fossil fuels costs less than developing new power sources
- C) fossil fuels will exist as long as the world exists, but they are harmful
- D) the use of oil and gas helps us to protect the environment
- E) the type of energy needed and the cost of producing it are related problems

In the years following the Chernobyl reactor disaster in 1986, nuclear power was seen as a dying industry.

Public support had lessened because of safety fears, and many countries decided to put a halt to new reactor construction. But there has recently been a dramatic revival of interest in nuclear energy, thanks to the twin threats of climate change and energy insecurity. Nuclear reactors do not emit CO₂ when they generate electricity, so governments are increasingly seeing the construction of such reactors as a way to bring down carbon emissions and generate stable supplies of electricity.

17.) Based on the passage, we may conclude that ----.

- A) stable supplies of electricity can be generated without the aid of nuclear reactors
- B) threats of climate change and energy insecurity have recently caused a lack of interest in clean energy
- C) as nuclear reactors emit CO₂ when they generate electricity, governments are considering bringing down their numbers
- D) people were worried about safety conditions after the Chernobyl disaster
- E) in reaction to the Chernobyl event, many countries decided to have new reactors constructed

18.) The main subject emphasized in the passage is ----.

- A) the public's fears about safety
- B) nuclear power as a dying industry
- C) the twin threats of climate change and energy insecurity
- D) the dangers of CO₂ created by nuclear reactors
- E) the renewed interest in nuclear reactors and the reasons for it

19.) We learn from the passage that governments are now becoming ----.

- A) less worried about climate change
- B) more aware of the dangers of nuclear power
- C) less interested in producing stable electricity supplies
- D) more supportive of nuclear energy
- E) less concerned about carbon emissions in their countries

A newspaper is a daily or weekly publication containing news and comments on the news. Newsheets appeared after the invention of printing and were introduced in 1609 in Germany and in 1616 in the Netherlands. In 1622, the first newspaper appeared in English. Improved printing and cheap paper and a growing reading population led to a growth in newspapers, but they were expensive. In the 20th century, production costs fell with the introduction of new technology.

20.) According to the passage, a newspaper not only gives news ----.

- A) though this is its main function
- B) but also offers some discussion of the news
- C) as few people are really interested in the news
- D) but provides entertainment, too
- E) but also illustrates the news with photographs

21.) It is clear from the passage that newspapers ----.

- A) came into existence with the invention of printing
- B) were published in the Netherlands long before they were in Germany
- C) encouraged more and more people to learn to read
- D) are not as popular now as they were
- E) soon spread from Europe to the rest of the world

22.) We understand from the passage that 20th century technology ----.

- A) has led to a lack of interest in newspapers
- B) helped newspapers to collect news from distant places
- C) made it possible to print cheaper newspapers
- D) has made newspapers an essential part of everyday life
- E) has improved news reporting worldwide

After the release of his film *Titanic* in 1997, Director James Cameron announced that the next movie he would make would be *Avatar*. It took him years to produce the film as it had an astronomical budget that approached 400 million dollars. In the film, Jake and his team go to Pandora, a jungle-covered moon, searching for valuable minerals. Since humans are unable to breathe on Pandora, human avatars are created out of them. There, the Avatars meet the Na'vi, a humanoid race, with sparkling blue skin, and capabilities that are far greater than those of normal humans. A war breaks out between the Na'vi and the Avatars. Meanwhile, Jake falls in love with a Na'vi, and is forced to choose between the Avatars and his Na'vi love.

23.) It is clear from the passage that Director James Cameron ----.

- A) had not made any important films before *Avatar*
- B) spent a long time and a lot of money to make *Avatar*
- C) played the role of Jake in his own film
- D) preferred his *Titanic* to his last film, *Avatar*
- E) plans to make another expensive film in the near future

24.) We understand from the passage that human avatars are created ----.

- A) because the atmosphere of Pandora does not allow humans to live there
- B) to persuade the Na'vi to make peace
- C) to cooperate with the Na'vi both militarily and technically
- D) so that the film can have a romantic theme
- E) with the help of valuable minerals

25.) It is pointed out in the passage that the humanoid race, the Na'vi, ----.

- A) are ultimately able to drive the Avatars out of Pandora
- B) have been living on Pandora as small communities
- C) have physical features not different from those of human beings
- D) are superior to human beings in many respects
- E) have received Jake and his team with utmost hospitality

CEVAP ANAHTARI

1. E
2. E
3. D
4. C
5. A
6. D
7. A
8. B
9. A
10. D
11. B
12. A
13. C
14. A
15. C
16. E
17. D
18. E
19. D
20. B
21. A
22. C
23. B
24. A
25. D