

YDS DENEMELERİ

1.) Yasamın yer ustunde değil, deniz tabanında başladığını ileri süren yeni bir kuram ortaya atılmıştır.

- A.) According to a recent theory, life started at the bottom of the sea, not above ground.
- B.) A new theory has been put forward, suggesting that life started not above ground but at the bottom of the sea.
- C.) If the new theory is correct, life started at the bottom of the sea, not on dry land.
- D.) The theory that life started at the bottom of the sea, not on land, has only recently been put forward.
- E.) The theory that life began, not on land, but at the bottom of the sea has only recently been questioned

2.) Bilim adamları insan vücudunun nasıl çalıştığına ilişkin daha fazla bilgi edinmek için çeşitli deniz yaratıklarından yararlanmaktadır.

- A.) According to some scientists, the study of sea creatures can lead to a better understanding of the human body.
- B.) Several scientists are now making use of sea creatures to help them understand how the human body works.
- C.) Scientists are making use of various sea creatures to learn more about how the human body works.
- D.) Scientists have now begun to study various sea creatures and are learning more about how the human body works.
- E.) Through the study of various sea creatures scientists hope to get a better understanding of how the human body works.

3.) Biyolojinin temel bir kavramı olan evrim, zaman içinde meydana gelen genetik değişiklikler olarak tanımlanabilir.

- A.) Genetic changes, occurring over long periods of time, are central to evolution and an important aspect of biology.
- B.) Evolution is an important concern in biology which deals with genetic change over long periods of time.
- C.) Evolution, which is a fundamental concept of biology, can be defined as genetic changes occurring over time.
- D.) Evolution, or genetic change over time, is basic to all biological studies.
- E.) Biology is largely concerned with evolution and genetic change over long periods of time.

4.) Avustralya'nın büyük bir bölümü, batı kıyılarına yakın çıplak tepelere donusen bir colden oluşur.

- A.) A large part of Australia consists of desert land and, near the west coast, of barren hills.
- B.) A major part of Australia consists of a desert that turns into barren hills near the west coast.
- C.) Large parts of Australia are covered with desert and there are barren hills along the west coast.
- D.) The barren hills of the west coast of Australia gradually give way to a huge desert in the central part.
- E.) Much of Australia is covered with desert, and along the west coast there is a line of barren hills.

5.) Shakspeare'in oyunlarında amacı, gerçek insan konuşmasını taklit etmek değil, insan düşünce ve duygusunu doğru ve güçlü ifade etmektir.

- A.) The great speeches of Shakespeare's plays have little in common with ordinary speech as his aim was to give vivid and powerful expression to human thought and emotion.
- B.) Shakespeare aimed to give credible and powerful expression to human thought and emotion in his plays, but not to imitate actual human speech.
- C.) In his plays, Shakespeare's main concern was to give powerful expression to human thought and emotion, so realistic speech was impossible.
- D.) Shakespeare gave a lot of importance to the expression of human thought and emotion in powerful speeches that do not resemble actual speech.
- E.) Shakespeare's purpose in his plays was not to imitate actual human speech but to give accurate and powerful expression to human thought and emotion.

6.) Klasik Yunan tragedyalarının konuları, seyircilerin az çok asına oldukları efsanelere dayanıyordu.

- A.) Most classical Greek tragedies were based on legends which the average audience knew and loved.
- B.) Audiences were usually familiar with the plots of classical Greek tragedies as they knew the legends on which they were based.
- C.) The plots of classical Greek tragedies were based on legends with which audiences were more or less familiar.
- D.) Audiences could follow the plots of classical Greek tragedies since they were generally based on well-known legends.
- E.) The legends on which the classical Greek tragedies were based were well-known to the audiences

7.) William Butler Yeats, yazmaya adanmış sakin bir yaşam sürdüren Thomas Hardy'nin tersine, değişik türlerdeki etkinliklerle başarılı bir şekilde meşgul olmuş ve bunların hepsini sanatıyla bütünleştirmiştir.

- A) William Butler Yeats engaged successfully in different kinds of activities and integrated all of them into his art, unlike Thomas Hardy, who lived a quiet life dedicated to writing.
- B) Although Thomas Hardy lived a quiet life dedicated to writing, William Butler Yeats was successful in many different activities, and integrated them all into his art.
- C) William Butler Yeats, unlike Thomas Hardy, did not lead a quiet life dedicated to writing, but participated in different kinds of activities, all of which he included in his art.
- D) While Thomas Hardy preferred to live a quiet life, dedicated to writing, William Butler Yeats wanted nothing of the sort, and therefore engaged in different kinds of activities, integrating them successfully into his art.
- E) Engaging successfully in different kinds of activities, William Butler Yeats was able to integrate them into his art, whereas Thomas Hardy preferred to live a solitary life dedicated to writing.

8.) Christopher Columbus ve diğer Avrupalı kâşifler Yeni Dünya'ya ulaştıklarında ,yerlilerin, kendilerinininkinden çok farklı alışkanlıklarının olduğunu gordular.

- A) As soon as Christopher Columbus and various other European explorers reached the New World, they discovered that the habits of the natives were hardly different from their own.
- B) When Christopher Columbus and other European explorers arrived in the New World, they saw that the natives had habits far different from their own.
- C) On their arrival in the New World, Christopher Columbus and many other European explorers realized that the habits of the natives were totally different from each other.
- D) Christopher Columbus and various other European explorers arrived in the New World only to discover that their habits were very different from those of the natives.
- E) Soon after Christopher Columbus and other European explorers got to the New World, it was clear to them that their habits differed a lot from those of the natives.

9.) İnsanlar, eski çağlardan beri, güneş sisteminde gezegenlerin varlığını bilmekteydiler.

- A) Ever since ancient times, the existence of the planets in the solar system has been clear to everybody.
- B) In ancient times, people became aware of the fact that there existed planets in the solar system.
- C) People have known of the existence of the planets in the solar system since ancient times.
- D) The existence of the planets in the solar system was fully known to the people in ancient times.
- E) It has been known by everybody since ancient times that there exist planets in the solar system

10.) On dokuzuncu yüzyıldan beri tutulan kayıtlar, atmosferdeki karbondioksit miktarının carpıcı bir şekilde arttığını açıkça göstermektedir.

- A) The records kept so far clearly show that the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere has reached a dramatic level since the nineteenth century.
- B) As the records kept since the nineteenth century clearly show, there has been a dramatic increase of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere. from their own.
- C) Records have been kept since the nineteenth century to show clearly that the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere has been dramatically increasing
- D) It is clearly shown by records kept since the beginning of the nineteenth century that the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere has been dramatically increasing.
- E) Records kept since the nineteenth century clearly show that the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere has increased dramatically

11.) Bugün Likyalılar hakkında bildiklerimiz, 19. Yüzyıl başlarında İngiliz arkeolog Charles Fellows'un onların uygarlığına ilişkin olarak söylediklerinden çok daha fazladır.

- A) Today, we know so much about the Lycians that what the British archaeologist Charles Fellows said in the early 19th century about the Lycian civilization has lost its importance.
- B) The British archaeologist Charles Fellows was the first to talk about the Lycians in the early 19th century, but today we know a lot more about them.
- C) Today, what we know about the Lycians is far more than what the British archaeologist Charles Fellows said in the early 19th century about their civilization.
- D) The Lycians were first studied by the British archaeologist Charles Fellows in the early 19th century, but what we know about their civilization has become much more.
- E) Although the Lycians were first described by the British archaeologist Charles Fellows in the early 19th century, today we have much broader knowledge of their civilization.

12.) Gökbilimciler, Samanyolu gibi büyük galaksilerin, kendilerinden daha küçük olan galaksileri yutarak çok daha büyüdükleri görüşündedirler.

- A) That large galaxies such as the Milky Way grew even larger through absorbing galaxies smaller than themselves is the opinion of many astronomers.
- B) The opinion of various astronomers is that the Milky Way and other large galaxies absorbed smaller galaxies and, thus, grew larger.
- C) Some astronomers have the opinion that, by absorbing galaxies smaller than themselves, large galaxies such as the Milky Way grew extremely large.
- D) Astronomers are of the opinion that large galaxies such as the Milky Way grew much larger by absorbing galaxies smaller than themselves.
- E) Astronomers point out that, because large galaxies such as the Milky Way absorbed galaxies smaller than themselves, they grew larger

13.) Kayak, yaygın bir spor olmadan çok önce, yabancı ziyaretçiler İsviçre Alplerine harika manzaralar ve temiz havayla dolu dinlendirici tatiller için gelirlerdi.

- A) Long before skiing became a widespread sport, foreign visitors used to come to the Swiss Alps for relaxing holidays, full of wonderful views and fresh air.
- B) For many years before skiing became popular, foreign visitors would come to the Swiss Alps in order to experience relaxing holidays with wonderful views and fresh air.
- C) Even though skiing was not a widespread sport at the time, foreign visitors used to come to the Swiss Alps for relaxing holidays, full of spectacular views and fresh air.
- D) Since they wanted relaxing holidays with spectacular views and fresh air, foreign visitors had come to the Swiss Alps long before skiing became popular.
- E) The Swiss Alps had been popular with foreign visitors for relaxing holidays, full of wonderful views and fresh air, for many years before skiing became popular.

14.) Olimpiyat Oyunları, başlangıçta bir gün süren çeşitli spor etkinliklerinden oluşuyordu, ancak günümüzde haftalarca süren dünya çapında bir spor olayı olmuştur.

- A) Although the Olympic Games were initially different sporting activities which lasted for one day, today they have turned into a worldwide sports event and take several weeks.
- B) At the beginning, the Olympic Games consisted of various sporting activities, lasting for one day, but in our time, they have become a worldwide sports event, lasting for weeks.
- C) Originally, the Olympic Games took place on one day and included different kinds of sports, but today they have developed into a major sports event in the world, lasting for many weeks.
- D) Once the Olympic Games lasted only for one day and consisted of many different sporting activities, but today they have become one of the major sports events in the world, which last several weeks.
- E) Today the Olympic Games are a major sports event in the world, and last many weeks, even though at the beginning they were only a oneday sports event.

15.) Bir tropikal yağmur ormanının küçük bir parçasında bile neredeyse Kanada ve Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'ndeki bütün ormanlarda bulunan ağaç türleri kadar farklı ağaç türü bulunabilir.

- A) Tropical rain forests can be home to almost as many different trees as can be found in all the forests of Canada and the United States.
- B) Even in a small patch of tropical rain forest, there can be found almost as many different species of trees as there are in all the forests of Canada and the United States.
- C) In only a small patch of a tropical rain forest, there aren't as many different species of trees as there are in all the forests of Canada and the United States.
- D) There are a lot more different species of trees in a small patch of a tropical rain forest than there are in all the forests of Canada and the United States.
- E) Although Canada and the United States have rich forests, the number of tree species that live in them are not as many as those that can be found in a small patch of a tropical rain forest.

16.) Petrolden üretilen alışlagelmiş plastik, ısı ve gün ışığına maruz kaldığında bile, yeryüzünden hiç yok olmayan az sayıdaki maddeden biridir.

- A) Conventional plastic, made from petroleum, is the only material on Earth that never goes away, even when exposed to heat and sunlight.
- B) Plastic, which is traditionally made from petroleum, is one of the few materials on Earth that never go away, even when it is exposed to heat and sunlight.
- C) Conventional plastic, made from petroleum, is one of the few materials on Earth that never go away, even when it is exposed to heat and sunlight.
- D) Traditional plastic, made from petroleum, is one of the few materials on Earth that never go away unless it is exposed to heat and sunlight.
- E) Normal plastic, made from petroleum, is one of the few materials on Earth that go away only when exposed to heat and sunlight.

17.) Başka bir ülkede mutlu bir şekilde yaşamak istiyorsanız, farklılıkları kabullenebilen ve uyum sağlayabilen türden bir insan olmanız gerekir.

- A) If you want to live happily in another country, you need to be the type of person who can accept differences and adapt.
- B) To be able to live happily in another country, you must be the type of person who can accept differences and adapt.
- C) If you want to live happily in another country, it is necessary that you be a carefree person and accept differences and adapt.
- D) If you want to live happily in another country, you will have to accept differences and adapt well.
- E) You had better be the type of person who can accept differences and adapt if you want to live happily in another country.

18.)Bangladeş'innüfusu Pakistan'inkinden biraz daha fazla ise de, yüzölçümü çok daha küçüktür.

- A) Despite the fact that Bangladesh and Pakistan have almost the same population, their land areas are very different.
- B) Although the population of Bangladesh is slightly larger than that of Pakistan, its land area is much smaller.
- C) Despite Bangladesh's population being much bigger than Pakistan's, the area of its land is far less.
- D) Even though the land area of Pakistan is much larger than that of Bangladesh, the population is only slightly larger in size.
- E) If the population of Bangladesh were slightly greater than that of Pakistan, its land area would be much smaller in comparison.

19.) Bazı insanlar, bir otorite tarafından yönlendirilmeye o kadar alışmıştır ki kendi başlarına düşünmeye başlamaları neredeyse imkânsızdır.

- A) Some people find it impossible to think for themselves once they have got used to having an authority dictate to them.
- B) For some people it is impossible to start thinking independently again since they are so used to being directed by an authority.
- C) Some people cannot think for themselves because they are used to having an authority to think for them.
- D) Some people who are used to being governed by an authority find it quite impossible to think for themselves.
- E) Some people are so used to being directed by an authority that it is almost impossible for them to start thinking for themselves.

20.) 83 yıllık hayatını Türk halk müziğine adanmış olan Nidâ Tüfekçi, bir kalp krizinin ardından, tedavi gördüğü hastanede vefat etmişti.

- A) Nidâ Tüfekçi, who had dedicated his 83-yearlong life to Turkish folk music, passed away, following a heart attack, in the hospital where he was being treated.
- B) Nidâ Tüfekçi dedicated his 83-year-long life to Turkish folk music, and passed away in the hospital where he was being treated after a heart attack.
- C) A heart attack caused Nidâ Tüfekçi, who had dedicated his 83-year-long life to Turkish folk music, to pass away in the hospital where he was being treated for heart trouble.
- D) Nidâ Tüfekçi, who had dedicated his life to Turkish folk music, died aged 83 in hospital where he was being treated for a heart condition.
- E) The 83-year-old Nidâ Tüfekçi, who had dedicated his life to Turkish folk music, was admitted to hospital with a heart condition, but

21.) Birçok bilim adamı, büyük insan olarak kabul edilmiştir, ancak onlardan çok azı bu övgüye Isaac Newton kadar layıktır.

- A) Among the great people in the scientific world, Isaac Newton is surely the one who most deserves this praise.
- B) Isaac Newton is generally regarded as one of the greatest scientists who has ever lived and deserved all the praise he gets.
- C) Many scientists have been regarded as great men, but very few of them have been as deserving of this praise as Isaac Newton.
- D) Although a lot of scientists have been regarded as great men, none of them deserves this praise as much as Isaac Newton does.
- E) There have been many great scientists but Isaac Newton is generally regarded as the greatest of them all.

22.) İtalya'nın batısında hâlâ hareketli bir liman şehri olan Livorno, Romalılar zamanından beri ticaret yolu üzerinde tanınmış bir durak yeri olmuştur.

- A) Starting with Roman times, Livorno in western Italy has always been a popular stopping place along the trade route and still remains a busy port.
- B) Livorno in western Italy was a popular stopping place on the trade route even in Roman times and is still a busy port city.
- C) Even in Roman times, Livorno in western Italy was a popular stopping place on the trade route and is now, once more, a busy port.
- D) As in Roman times, so again now, Livorno in western Italy is a popular stopping place for trading activities.
- E) Still a busy port city in western Italy, Livorno has been a popular stopping place on the trade route since Roman times.

23.) Dua edilen bir yer olmasının yanı sıra, Partenon Tapınağı, Atina'nın zenginliğini, gücünü ve sanatsever yaşam tarzını da simgeliyordu.

- A) Though a place for prayers, the Parthenon temple perfectly represented the Athenians's prosperity, wealth and art-loving way of life.
- B) Not only was the Parthenon temple a place of worship, but it also put on display the wealth, power and art-loving life-style of Athens.
- C) As well as being a place to say prayers, the Parthenon temple also symbolized the wealth, power and art-loving life-style of Athens.
- D) People used to pray in the Parthenon temple, but more than that it gave one a sense of the riches and the power of art-loving Athens.
- E) The Parthenon temple, besides being a place of worship, also represented Athens together with its wealth and power and its art-loving life-style.

24.) İlk dönem Osmanlı padişahları hakkındaki kaynaklar, mimari eserler ve bazı sikkeler dışında, yeterli değildir.

- A) Apart from some architectural works and some coins, there are no reliable records about the early Ottoman sultans.
- B) Except for some architectural works and coins, there are not enough sources related to the early Ottoman sultans.
- C) The sources about the early Ottoman sultans are so scarce that very little is known about them, except through architectural works and coins.
- D) Sources about the early Ottoman sultans are not adequate except for architectural works and some coins.
- E) Besides architectural works and coins, sources about the Ottoman sultans are fairly sufficient.

35. Araştırmalar, insanların konuşma biçimini değiştirmenin, düşünme biçimini etkilediğini göstermiştir.

- A) Studies have shown that changing the way people talk affects the way they think.
- B) Studies show that a change in how people talk greatly affects how they think.
- C) According to studies, talking about things can change the way people think.
- D) Studies have shown that one can change how people think by changing how they talk.
- E) What studies have shown is that changing people's thoughts affects what they say.

CEVAP ANAHTARI

- 1. B
- 2. C
- 3. C
- 4. B
- 5. E
- 6. C
- 7. A
- 8. B
- 9. C
- 10. E
- 11. C
- 12. D
- 13. A
- 14. B
- 15. B
- 16. C
- 17. A
- 18. B
- 19. E
- 20. A
- 21. C
- 22. E
- 23. C
- 24. D
- 25. A