

YDS DENEMELERİ

1.) Nüfusları azalıp yaşlandıkça ve Avrupa'nın dünyadaki gücü düşüşe geçtikçe Almanlar refahlarının tehdit altında olduğunu düşünmeye başlıyorlar.

- A) As their population shrinks and ages, and as Europe's power in the world declines, so does the threat to Germans' prosperity.
- B) As their population shrinks and ages, and as Europe's power in the world begins to decline, Germans notice that their prosperity has been under threat.
- C) While their population shrinks and ages and Europe's power in the world declines, Germans have begun to notice that their prosperity is under threat.
- D) Germans are starting to think that their prosperity is under threat as their population shrinks and ages, and as Europe's power in the world declines.
- E) Germans now see that their prosperity is under threat with their population shrinking and aging, coupled with the speedy decline of Europe's power in the world.

2.) Projenin çok büyük olduğu ve deniz derinliklerini araştırmanın birçok gelişmiş teçhizat gerektirdiği doğrudur.

- A) It is true that the project of investigating sea depths is very big and requires a lot of special equipment.
- B) What is true is that the project is very big and investigating sea depths may require some sophisticated equipment.
- C) It is true that the project is very big and that investigating sea depths requires a lot of sophisticated equipment.
- D) That the project is very big is true and investigating sea depths requires a lot of sophisticated equipment.
- E) That the project is very big is true and the investigation of sea depths requires a lot of expensive equipment.

3.) Amazon'u korumak istiyoruz çünkü çocuklarımızın ve torunlarımızın en azından bizimki kadar güzel bir dünyada yaşayabilmelerini sağlamanın yolunun bu olduğunu biliyoruz.

- A) The Amazon should be preserved because we know that is the way to make sure our children and grandchildren live in a world at least as good as ours.
- B) We want to preserve the Amazon because we know that this is the way to make sure our children and grandchildren can live in a world at least as good as ours.
- C) We will preserve the Amazon for we know very well that this is the way to make sure our children and grandchildren can live in a world better than ours.
- D) We want to preserve the Amazon because we have known for years that this is the only way to make sure our children and grandchildren will live in a better world.
- E) The Amazon should be preserved since we have come to know that this is the way to provide our children and grandchildren with a world in which they can live like us.

4.) Yapabileceğimiz en kötü şey, bilimden şüphelenenlere, bilim adamlarına güvenilemeyeceği iddiaları için daha fazla malzeme vermektir.

- A) The worst thing we can do is to provide science sceptics with more fuel for their arguments that scientists cannot be trusted.
- B) The worst thing we did was to provide science sceptics with enough fuel for their arguments that scientists could not be trusted.
- C) We did not do so well by providing science sceptics with more fuel for their arguments that scientists could not be trusted.
- D) What we can do is to provide science sceptics with fuel for their arguments that scientists cannot be trusted.
- E) We really shouldn't provide science sceptics with fuel for their arguments that we cannot trust scientists.

5.) Kadınlarla çalıştığım sürede, kampa ulaşmadan önce çoğunun mutsuz olduğunu ve bazılarının da kötü muamele gördüğünü fark ettim.

A) Before I arrived at the camp, where the women worked, I had discovered that many of them had been unhappy and some were maltreated.

B) I discovered that many of the women were unhappy and maltreated before they arrived at the camp during the course of their work.

C) I discovered after working with the women that many of them were unhappy and maltreated before they arrived at the camp.

D) Throughout my study with the women, I was to discover that many had been unhappy while some were maltreated before they arrived at the camp.

E) While working with the women, I discovered that many of them were unhappy and some were maltreated before they arrived at the camp.

6.) (I) The cheetah is the fastest moving of all the land animals. **(II)** The cheetah usually prefers to hunt alone, but the males sometimes hunt in packs. **(III)** It is capable of reaching a speed of 70 kilometres an hour in just 2 seconds. **(IV)** When in pursuit of prey it can travel at a speed of 100-127 kilometres an hour. **(V)** Moreover, it can keep up this speed for between 200 and 600 metres.

I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

7.) (I) It is now nearly 40 years since President John F. Kennedy was assassinated in Dallas, Texas. **(II)** Yet the events of that fateful day remain the subject of much controversy. **(III)** Was the suspect, Lee Harvey Oswald, a lone assassin? **(IV)** Actually, Dallas is the most fascinating city of Texas. **(V)** Or was the murder the result of a major conspiracy?

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

8.) (I) Sir Walter Raleigh was an outstanding example of the versatile Renaissance man. **(II)** Though he was a famous seaman, his real importance lies in other accomplishments. **(III)** As the Renaissance developed in Italy and other European countries, it began to take on added dimensions. **(IV)** He was a poet, a musician, a scientist, a historian, an explorer and even a pirate. **(V)** He also took an active part in the colonization of America.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

9.) (I) Large quantities of ice have been found on Mars. **(II)** This raises the prospect of a manned expedition to the Red Planet. **(III)** So far, manned expeditions to Mars have been prevented by the difficulty in carrying enough water to support a crew. **(IV)** But if melted, the ice on Mars may provide not just water but also oxygen, electricity and hydrogen for rocket fuel cells as well. **(V)** In fact, the surface of Mars is marked by what appears to be dried-up shorelines, canyons and lakes.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

10.) (I) For the first time a parachute has saved a light aircraft from disaster. **(II)** The incident concerned a Cirrus SR 22 aircraft. **(III)** When one part of a wing fell off, the pilot released the single-prop plane's novel built-in rescue parachute. **(IV)** However, the plane landed in a clump of trees near Houston. **(V)** With its aid he was able to achieve an injury-free crash landing.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

11.) (I) Modern Trabzon is built on a mountainside. **(II)** It is a bright, busy town with cafés and bookshops and restaurants. **(III)** Most visitors, however, go there in order to see the dramatic Byzantine monastery at Sumela. **(IV)** Trabzon is the largest port along Eastern Turkey's Black Sea coast. **(V)** This has been carved out of a steep rock cliff and is well-worth a visit.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

12.) (I) At this time the writer was living in a tiny flat in Edinburgh with her baby daughter. **(II)** The latest Harry Potter book has had an unexpected effect on young fans. **(III)** Some paediatricians have reported an outbreak of headaches among children reading *Harry Potter and the Order of the Phoenix*. **(IV)** They attributed this problem to the 8-hour reading sessions the young enthusiasts put in as they worked their way through the 870-page volume. **(V)** Fortunately, the problem clears up of its own accord a day or two after the reader finishes the book.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

13.) (I) Contemporary rock and pop music has come about due to vast advances in technology. **(II)** In this respect the impact of the microphone should not be underestimated. **(III)** Further, certain environmental forces may influence how they sing. **(IV)** It has enabled quiet, intimate sounds to be magnified. **(V)** In turn, this has allowed the singer to experiment with the emphasis on mood rather than strict adherence to proper breathing.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

14.) (I) Cameroon has begun to make one of its deadly lakes safe at last. **(II)** With the increase in oil, timber and coffee exports, Cameroon's economy has improved remarkably over recent years. **(III)** Engineers have started installing pipes to remove carbon dioxide building up in the depths of Lake Monoun, which could erupt at any time and suffocate people nearby. **(IV)** The pipes will begin pumping out the gas by the end of the year. **(V)** This should make Lake Monoun safe within a year and a half.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

15.) (I) Jean Piaget is the psychologist whose work has had the greatest influence on the study of child development. **(II)** Among the first to accept Piaget's theories were educators, who began to develop school curricula based on his ideas. **(III)** During the 1940s and 1950s American child psychology turned toward environmental and conditioning methods. **(IV)** He's different from any other psychologist in that his theoretical views are still widely accepted in some form by many of today's developmental psychologists. **(V)** Further Piaget's many books on child psychology remain the greatest contribution to the field by a single scholar.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

16.) (I) Yeats was not simply a writer. **(II)** He was involved in many different kinds of activity. **(III)** In particular he worked to help Ireland get its independence. **(IV)** Indeed, Maud Gonne, a very beautiful woman, was to influence him greatly. **(V)** And all the various things he did and all his experience are brought together and unified in his art.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

17.) (I) The horse's eye is a remarkable organ. **(II)** It is at least twice as large as the human eye. **(III)** It also has a special property which enables it to see much better than its rider. **(IV)** This is true, both when the light is poor and when there is full daylight. **(V)** As many horse owners have observed, some horses are much more excitable than others.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

18.) (I) It is well worth visiting this bird sanctuary to see the swans feed. **(II)** When we went there the weather was gorgeous. **(III)** Visit at 8.30 am and be there as the swans come out for breakfast. **(IV)** Or arrive around 6.30 pm as they gather for their dinner. **(V)** Either way you'll enjoy watching the way they fight over their food.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

19.) (I) The Industrial Revolution means the sudden acceleration of technical and economic development that began in Britain. **(II)** Birmingham is an industrial city and the administrative headquarters of central England. **(III)** It is a major manufacturing, engineering, commercial and service centre. **(IV)** The city's concert halls, theatres and three universities also make it an important cultural and educational centre. **(V)** Its main products are cars, machine tools and electrical equipment.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

20.) (I) Try to imagine what would happen to the bones of astronauts going to Mars. **(II)** They would probably come back hardly able to walk at all. **(III)** This is because, on Earth, bones are renewed by walking. **(IV)** But on Mars this does not happen. **(V)** This new device simulates the low-intensity interactions between bone and muscle.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

21.) (I) Britain's largest robotics laboratory will open in the autumn. **(II)** On the contrary, this one is to be well-funded. **(III)** Two universities are jointly in charge of the project. **(IV)** There will be 50 researchers there aiming to develop intelligent, independent robots. **(V)** These, it is hoped, will work in a variety of areas ranging from social care to industrial cleaning.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

22.) (I) The eruption of Vesuvius in 79 A.D. remains one of the most famous events in history. **(II)** At the time, Pompeii, about 9 km south of the volcano, was a busy town with a population of 20,000. **(III)** But Vesuvius suddenly released clouds of ash and lava -which swept through the town. **(IV)** Even so, volcanoes remain fairly unpredictable. **(V)** Pompeii was destroyed and its inhabitants killed.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

23.) (I) A preference for the mother's voice or the mother's odour emerges very early in life. (II) Might a preference for the mother's face also be present very early? (III) Several recent studies suggest that the answer is yes. (IV) Babies as young as 2 days old have been shown to look more at their mother's face than at the face of a stranger. (V) There are, then, clear changes in how infants respond to faces during the first year or so of life.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

24.) (I) Much of the Earth's surface is covered with snow and ice. (II) So many creatures have had to adapt to life in a white world. (III) In fact, animals of the desert have light colours to help them blend into their pale environment. (IV) One of the most obvious adaptations is having white fur like the polar bear. (V) Both the hunter and the hunted require such camouflage if they are to survive.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

25.) (I) The idea of military robots is certainly an attractive one. (II) They have no need either of food or rest. (III) They don't complain and they don't get scared. (IV) But war on the ground is more complex than war in the air. (V) This means they can be given the dirtiest and most difficult tasks to do.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

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