

YDS DENEME

On most clear, dark nights you can see a falling star if you keep looking. **(1)** ---- falling stars are actually meteors. They are points of bright light that suddenly **(2)** ---- in the sky, race toward the horizon, and disappear. For a long time, nobody **(3)** ---- what a meteor was. But finally, those who study stars and the sky decided that a meteor is a piece of a comet that exploded long **(4)** ----. Some pieces are **(5)** ---- moving about the universe in paths that follow the original comet's orbit.

1.)

- A) This B) These
- C) What D) That
- E) Which

2.)

- A) appear B) discover
- C) confer D) exist
- E) illustrate

3.)

- A) will know
- B) should have known
- C) knew
- D) was known
- E) could know

4.)

- A) ago
- B) after
- C) over
- D) again
- E) during

5.)

- A) almost
- B) rarely
- C) hardly
- D) stil
- E) already

Opponents of day-care for children still call for women to return to the home, but the battle is really over. Now the question is: Will day-care continue to be **(6)** ---- funded and poorly regulated, or will public policy introduce a system that rightly treats children as our **(7)** ---- valuable national resource? Today, there is a fifty per cent chance that the mother of a young child **(8)** ---- to the work force before **(9)** ---- child's first birthday. An estimated 9.5 million pre-schoolers have mothers **(10)** ---- work outside the home.

6.)

- A) highly B) mostly
- C) mainly D) unnecessarily
- E) inadequately

7.)

- A) much B) more C) most
- D) the least E) less

8.)

- A) returned B) will return
- C) had returned D) should return
- E) has returned

9.)

- A) her B) their
- C) our D) its
- E) hers

10.)

- A) whose B) who
- C) whom D) of whom
- E) whoever

In the nineteenth century there was no easy way to heat water. People generally used fires to do it, **(11)** ---- first they had to chop wood or collect coal, and then they had to light the fire and keep it burning. In cities, the wealthy heated their water with gas made from coal, but it didn't burn clean, and the heater had to be lit every time they wanted hot water; if they **(12)** ---- to put out the flame, the tank could blow up. **(13)** ----, in many areas, wood, coal or gas was expensive and hard to find. To get around these problems in rural areas, many farmers found a safer, easier and cheaper way to heat water: **(14)** ---- painting a metal water tank black and putting it in the sun to absorb as much solar energy as possible. But even on clear hot days it generally took several hours to get the water hot, and it cooled off as soon as the sun **(15)** ----.

11.)

- A) once B) before C) if
- D) but E) since

12.)

- A) had forgotten B) could have forgotten
- C) will forget D) forget
- E) forgot

13.)

- A) Moreover B) As a result C) Even so
- D) Therefore E) Instead

14.)

- A) without B) by C) towards
- D) in E) within

15.)

- A) fell apart B) broke up
- C) went down D) took off
- E) ran away

London, which is the largest city in Europe, is home to about seven million people. (16) ---- by the Romans in the 1st century A.D. as an administrative centre and trading port, the capital is now the main residence of the British monarchs, and the centre of government. (17) ---- possessing many museums and art galleries, London has many other attractions, which make it an exciting city, (18) ---- a wide variety of entertainment. Various cultural developments that have taken place recently (19) --- - to the city's range of attractions. However, there are many other (20) ---- towns to explore, such as the historic centres of York and Bath.

16.)

- A) Represented B) Destroyed
- C) Followed D) Changed
- E) Founded

17.)

- A) In addition to B) Rather than
- C) Compared to D) In case of
- E) Contrary to

18.)

- A) by B) with C) in D) from
- E) about

19.)

- A) had added B) were adding
- C) have added D) will add
- E) should have added

20.)

- A) competitive B) dominant
- C) efficient D) fascinating
- E) vague

The Spanish are famous for their natural sociability and appetite for life. They (21)---- to put as much energy into enjoying life as they do into their work. The (22)---- lazy Spaniard is a myth, but many people fit their work to the demands (23)---- their social lives, rather than be ruled by the clock. The day is quite long in Spain, and the Spanish have a word, *madrugada*, for the time between midnight and dawn, (24)---- city streets are often still full of people enjoying (25)----.

21.)

- A) knew B) are known
- C) have known D) were knowing
- E) are to be known

22.)

- A) typical B) dissatisfied
- C) dominant D) unpleasant
- E) challenging

23.)

- A) towards B) at C) of D) into
- E) through

24.)

- A) where B) which C) that
- D) when E) how

25.)

- A) their own B) theirs
- C) the other's D) one another's
- E) themselves

CEVAP ANAHTARI

1. B
2. A
3. C
4. A
5. D
6. E
7. C
8. B
9. A
10. B
11. D
12. E
13. A
14. B
15. C
16. E
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. D
21. B
22. A
23. C
24. D
25. E